



TRAINING PLAN

Subject		
Truck Operations - Search		
Instructors		
<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Logistics		
<u>Time Required</u> 2 hrs.	<u>Equipment Needed</u> Facility (Port Property) Rescue Mannequin	

DESCRIPTION

Objectives:

1. Identify and discuss Size-Up considerations for effectively and efficiently conducting a search.
2. Identify and discuss the risk management considerations for conducting a search.
3. Discuss and demonstrate methods for completing a primary search.
4. Discuss and demonstrate options for victim removal

Description / Outline:

1. Search Size-Up
 - **B – Building** – Where in the building are the victims most likely located?
 - **E – Extent of Smoke & Fire** – Survivability Profile?
 - **L – Location of Smoke & Fire** – Most eminent danger?
 - **O – Occupancy Type** – # of possible victims? Where are they located? Hazards?
 - **W – Water Supply** – With or without a hoseline in place?
 - **U – Units** – What are the other Units doing? Do we need help with the search/removal?

2. Conducting the Search
 - Searcher-Orienter Method
 - Most fundamental of the search techniques
 - Orientation & Communication (Hazards – Exits – Victims)
 - Do we search from the seat of the fire out, or start at our entry?
 - TIC Assisted Search
 - The use of the TIC may assist / expedite the search
 - Orientation, Interpretation, Communication (Hazards – Exits – Victims)
 - Searching Off The Hoseline
 - Hoseline stretched and positioned between the main body of fire and the probable occupants (or to protect the means of egress)
 - Allows for confinement/ extinguishment and provides the greatest good for the greatest # (protect the life hazard that the FF’s introduce to the building)
 - Once the nozzle makes it to the fire, the search is initiated (from the seat of the fire)
 - VES

3. Victim Removals
 - Drags & Carries
 - Lifts
 - Window Removals / Ladder Rescues